September 15, 2014

The Honorable Christopher H. Smith  
Chair, House Subcommittee on Africa, Global Health, Global Human Rights, and  
International Organizations  
2373 Rayburn House Office Building  
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Karen Bass  
Ranking Member, House Subcommittee on Africa, Global Health, Global Human Rights,  
and International Organizations  
408 Cannon House Office Building  
Washington, DC 20515

by fax to (202) 225-7491 (Rep. Smith) and (202) 225-2422 (Rep. Bass)

Dear Mr. Chairman and Ranking Member Bass:

I am writing on behalf of The American Association of Immunologists (AAI), a professional association of more than 7,800 of the world’s leading research scientists and physicians who are dedicated to understanding the immune system through basic research, resulting in improved means to prevent, treat, and cure disease.

AAI is very pleased that you will be holding a hearing of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs’ Subcommittee on Africa, Global Health, Global Human Rights, and International Organizations, to examine the growing Ebola epidemic in West Africa. AAI has issued the attached statement on the Ebola crisis, and would like to submit that statement for your consideration.

Kindly let me know if AAI can be of any assistance on this very important matter.

Sincerely,

Lauren G. Gross, J.D.  
AAI Director of Public Policy and Government Affairs

Attachment
Statement of Clifford Harding, M.D., Ph.D.
Chair, Committee on Public Affairs, on behalf of
The American Association of Immunologists (AAI)
September 12, 2014

The Ebola epidemic, which has already killed more than 2,400 people and sickened thousands more in five West African countries, threatens the lives, well-being, and economic and political stability of people throughout the region and around the world. This epidemic urgently requires a two-prong strategy.

In the long term, basic biomedical research, including research on the immune response, virology, disease pathology, and vaccine development, is necessary to develop efficacious and affordable therapies to prevent, treat, and potentially cure Ebola and other highly contagious, devastating infectious diseases. Because these diseases pose an immediate threat to international public health, the U.S. government, and governments throughout the world, must increase substantially their investment in basic biomedical research, reduce burdensome regulations which delay advances, and facilitate domestic and international scientific collaboration. In particular, government sponsorship of biomedical research is necessary to minimize the threat of emerging pathogens and pathogens endemic to economically troubled regions, including Ebola, severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS), Middle East respiratory syndrome (MERS), chikungunya virus, and neglected tropical diseases.

In the short term, the spread of Ebola can best be addressed by following the advice of knowledgeable and informed scientific and public health experts, including Dr. Anthony Fauci, Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), and Dr. Thomas Frieden, Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Recommended public measures for containing the spread of Ebola include the following: the isolation of infected individuals, the tracing of contacts of those who are infected, quarantine, and the use of proper precautions by the dedicated health care workers who are fighting this battle. Infected individuals need immediate, effective, and compassionate medical care. The entire world must support these efforts. Without these measures, the Ebola epidemic will not be contained, and will pose a true threat to all of humanity.

AAI applauds the recent decision of the Obama Administration to utilize the U.S. military to provide logistical and operational assistance to stem the outbreak, and to seek from Congress funding to provide additional personnel, supplies and equipment to the area. We urge Congress and the international community to act immediately to provide funding and other assistance needed to address the current Ebola epidemic and to invest in biomedical research that will help prevent, treat, and cure Ebola and other devastating infectious diseases.